## DESCRIPTION

The LM386 is a power amplifier，designed for use in low voltage consumer applications．The gain is internally set to 20 to keep external part count low，but the addition of an external resistor and capacitor between pin 1 and pin 8 will increase the gain to any value up from 20 to 200.

The inputs are ground referenced while the output automatically biases to one－half the supply voltage．The quiescent power drain is only 24 milliwatts when operating from a 6 voltage supply，making the LM386 ideal for battery operation．


## FEATURES

－Battery Operation
－Minimum External Parts
－Wide Supply Voltage Range：4V～12V
－Low Quiescent Current Drain：4mA
－Voltage Gains：20～200
－Ground Referenced Input
－Self－Centering Output Quiescent Voltage
－Low Distortion：0．2\％（Av $=20, \mathrm{Vs}=6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{RL}=8 \Omega, \mathrm{Po}=125 \mathrm{~mW}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz})$
ORDERING INFORMATION

| Ordering Number |  |  | Package | Packing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Normal | Lead Free | Halogen Free |  | Tape Reel |
| LM386－S08－R | LM386L－S08－R | LM386G－S08－R | SOP－8 | Tube |
| LM386－S08－T | LM386L－S08－T | LM386G－S08－T | SOP－8 | Tape Reel |
| LM386－P08－R | LM386L－P08－R | LM386G－P08－R | TSSOP－8 | Tube |
| LM386－P08－T | LM386L－P08－T | LM386G－P08－T | TSSOP－8 | Tube |
| LM386－D08－T | LM386L－D08－T | LM386G－D08－T | DIP－8 |  |

LM386G－D08－T

（1）Packing Type
（2）Package Type
（3）Halogen Free
（1）R：Tape Reel，T：Tube
（2）S08：SOP－8，P08：TSSOP－8，D08：DIP－8
（3）G：Halogen Free，L：Lead Free，Blank：Pb／Sn

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| PARAMETER |  | SYMBOL | RATINGS | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply Voltage |  | VCC | 15 | V |
| Input Voltage |  | VIN | $-0.4 \mathrm{~V} \sim+0.4 \mathrm{~V}$ | V |
| Power Dissipation | DIP－8 | PD | 1250 | mW |
|  | SOP－8 |  | 600 |  |
|  | TSSOP－8 |  | 600 |  |
| Operating Temperature |  | TOPR | $-20 \sim+85$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Junction Temperature |  | TJ | ＋125 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage Temperature |  | TSTG | －40～＋150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note：1．Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only and functional device operation is not implied．The device could be damaged beyond Absolute maximum ratings．

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS（ $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ，unless otherwise specified．）

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating Supply Voltage | Vss |  | 4 |  | 12 | V |
| Quiescent Current | lQ | Vss＝6V，VIN＝0 |  | 4 | 8 | mA |
| Output Power | Pout | Vss＝6V，RL＝8 ，THD＝10\％ | 250 | 325 |  | mW |
|  |  | Vss＝9V，RL＝8 ，THD＝10\％ | 500 | 700 |  |  |
| Voltage Gain | Gv | Pin 1 and 8 Open |  | 26 |  | dB |
|  |  | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ from pin 1 to pin 8 |  | 46 |  |  |
| Bandwidth | BW | Pin1 and pin 8 open | A | 300 |  | kHz |
|  |  | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ from pin 1 to pin 8 | ， | 60 |  |  |
| Total Harmonic Distortion | THD | $\text { Pout }=125 \mathrm{~mW}, \mathrm{Vs}=6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz} \mathrm{RL}=8 \Omega$ <br> pin1 and pin 8 open |  | 0.2 |  | \％ |
| Rejection Ratio | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{R}}$ | $\mathrm{Vss}=6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{CBYPASS}=10 \mathrm{uF}$ <br> Pin1 and pin 8 open，Referred to output |  | 50 |  | dB |
| Input Resistance | RIN |  |  | 50 |  | k $\Omega$ |
| Input Bias Current | lbias | Vss＝6V Pin2 and pin 3 open |  | 250 |  | nA |

## APPLICATION NOTES

## GAIN CONTROL

To make the LM386 a more versatile amplifier，two pins（1and 8）are provided for gain control．With pins 1 and 8 open the $1.35 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor sets the gain at $20(26 \mathrm{~dB})$ ，If a capacitor is put from pin 1 to 8 ，bypassing the $1.35 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor，the gain will go up to $200(46 \mathrm{~dB})$ ．If a resistor is placed in series with the capacitor，the gain can be set to any value from 20 to 200．Gain control can also be done by capacitively coupling a resistor（or FET）from pin 1 to ground．

Additional external components can be placed in parallel with the internal feedback resistors to tailor the gain and frequency response for individual applications．For example we can compensate poor speaker bass response by frequency shaping the feedback path．This is done with a series RC from pin 1 to 5 （paralleling the internal $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor）．For 6 dB effective bass boost： $\mathrm{R}=15 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ，the lowest value for good stable operation is $R=10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ，if pin 8 is open，If pins 1 and 8 are bypassed then $R$ as low as $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ can be used．This restriction is because the amplifier is only compensated for closed－loop gains greater than 9 ．

## INPUT BIASING

The schematic shows that both inputs are biased to ground with a $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor．The base current of the input transistors is about 250 nA ，so the inputs are at about 12.5 mW when left open．If the dc source resistance driving the LM386 is higher than $250 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ it will contribute very little additional offset（about 2.5 mW at the input， 50 mW at the output）．If the dc source resistance is less than $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ ，then shorting the unused input to ground will keep the offset low（about 2.5 mV at the input， 50 mV at the output）．For dc source resistances between these values we can eliminate excess offset by putting a resistor from the unused input to ground，equal in value to the dc source resistance．Of course all offset problems are eliminated if the input is capacitively coupled．
When using the LM386 with higher gains（bypassing the $1.35 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ resistor between pins 1 and 8 ）it is necessary to bypass the unused input，preventing degradation of gain and possible instabilities．This is done with a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor or a short to ground depending on the dc source resistance on the driven input．

## TYPICAL APPLICATIONS CIRCUIT



Amplifier with Gain＝50



AM Kaaıo rower

Amplifier


Note 1：Twist Supply lead and supply ground very tightly．
Note 2：Twist speaker lead and ground very tightly．
Note 3：Ferrite bead in Ferroxcube K5－001－001／3B with 3 turns of wire．
Note 4：R1C1 band limits input signals．
Note 5：All components must be spaced very closely to IC．

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS（cont．）

Distortion vs Output Power


Device Dissipaton vs Output Power－
$8 \Omega$ Load


Output Power（W）

Device Dissipaton vs Output Power－ $4 \Omega$ Load


Device Dissipaton vs Output Power $-16 \Omega$ Load


Output Power（W）

## Package information

SOP－8


| Units |  | INCHES＾ |  |  | MILLIMETERS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimension Limits | M |  | NOM | MAX | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | P | 8 |  |  | 8 |  |  |
| Pitch |  | 0.050 |  |  | 1.27 |  |  |
| Overall Height | A | 0.053 | 0.061 | 0.069 | 1.35 | 1.55 | 1.75 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.052 | 0.056 | 0.061 | 1.32 | 1.42 | 1.55 |
| Standoff § | A1 | 0.004 | 0.007 | 0.010 | 0.10 | 0.18 | 0.25 |
| Overall Width | E | 0.228 | 0.237 | 0.244 | 5.79 | 6.02 | 6.20 |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 0.146 | 0.154 | 0.157 | 3.71 | 3.91 | 3.99 |
| Overall Length | D | 0.189 | 0.193 | 0.197 | 4.80 | 4.90 | 5.00 |
| Chamfer Distance | h | 0.010 | 0.015 | 0.020 | 0.25 | 0.38 | 0.51 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.019 | 0.025 | 0.030 | 0.48 | 0.62 | 0.76 |
| Foot Angle | $\varnothing$ | 0 | 4 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 8 |
| Lead Thickness | C | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.010 | 0.20 | 0.23 | 0.25 |
| Lead Width | B | 0.013 | 0.017 | 0.020 | 0.33 | 0.42 | 0.51 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | a | 0 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 12 | 15 |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | B | 0 | 12 | 15 | 0 | 12 | 15 |

LM386（A）
LOW VOLTAGE AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

TSSOP－8


| Units |  | INCHES＾ |  |  | MILLIMETERS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimension Limits |  | MIN | NOM | MAX | MIN | NOM | MAX |
| Number of Pins | n |  |  | 8 |  | 8 |  |
| Pitch | P |  | 0.026 |  |  | 0.65 |  |
| Overall Height | A |  |  | 0.043 |  |  | 1.10 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A2 | 0.033 | 0.035 | 0.037 | 0.85 | 0.90 | 0.95 |
| Standoff § | A1 | 0.002 | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.05 | 0.10 | 0.15 |
| Overall Width | E | 0.246 | 0.251 | 0.256 | 6.25 | 6.38 | 6.50 |
| Molded Package Width | E1 | 0.169 | 0.173 | 0.177 | 4.30 | 4.40 | 4.50 |
| Molded Package Length | D | 0.114 | 0.118 | 0.122 | 2.90 | 3.00 | 3.10 |
| Foot Length | L | 0.020 | 0.024 | 0.028 | 0.50 | 0.60 | 0.70 |
| Foot Angle | $\varnothing$ | 0 | 4 | 8 | 0 | 4 | 8 |
| Lead Thickness | C | 0.004 | 0.006 | 0.008 | 0.009 | 0.15 | 0.20 |
| Lead Width | B | 0.007 | 0.010 | 0.012 | 0.19 | 0.25 | 0.30 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | a | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 10 |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom | B | 0 | 5 | 10 | 0 | 5 | 10 |

LM386（A）
LOW VOLTAGE AUDIO POWER AMPLIFIER

DIP－8


| Units | INCHES＾ |  |  | MILLIMETERS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimension Limits | n |  | MIN | NOM | MAX | MIN | NOM |
| Number of Pins | P |  | 0 |  |  | 8 |  |
| Pitch | A | 0.140 | 0.155 | 0.170 | 3.65 | 3.94 | 4.32 |
| Top to Seating Plane | A2 | 0.115 | 0.130 | 0.145 | 2.92 | 3.30 | 3.68 |
| Molded Package Thickness | A1 | 0.015 |  |  | 0.38 |  | 2.54 |
| Base to Seating Plane | E | 0.300 | 0.313 | 0.325 | 7.62 | 7.94 | 8.26 |
| Shoulder to Shoulder Width | E1 | 0.240 | 0.250 | 0.260 | 6.10 | 6.35 | 6.60 |
| Molded Package Width | D | 0.360 | 0.373 | 0.385 | 9.14 | 9.46 | 9.78 |
| Overall Length | L | 0.125 | 0.130 | 0.135 | 3.18 | 3.30 | 3.43 |
| Tip to Seating Plane | C | 0.008 | 0.012 | 0.015 | 0.20 | 0.29 | 0.38 |
| Lead Thickness | B1 | 0.045 | 0.058 | 0.070 | 1.14 | 1.46 | 1.78 |
| Upper Lead Width | B | 0.14 | 0.018 | 0.022 | 0.36 | 0.46 | 0.56 |
| Lower Lead Width | eB | 0.310 | 0.370 | 0.430 | 7.87 | 9.40 | 10.92 |
| Overall Row Spacing § | a | 5 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 10 | 15 |
| Mold Draft Angle Top | B | 5 | 10 | 15 | 5 | 10 | 15 |
| Mold Draft Angle Bottom |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

